



Listening and Learning Using Person Centered Thinking Skills

Michael Smull

Support Development Associates

The Learning Community for Person Centered Pracitces

Support Development Associates with The Learning Commuity for Person Centered Practices 2015

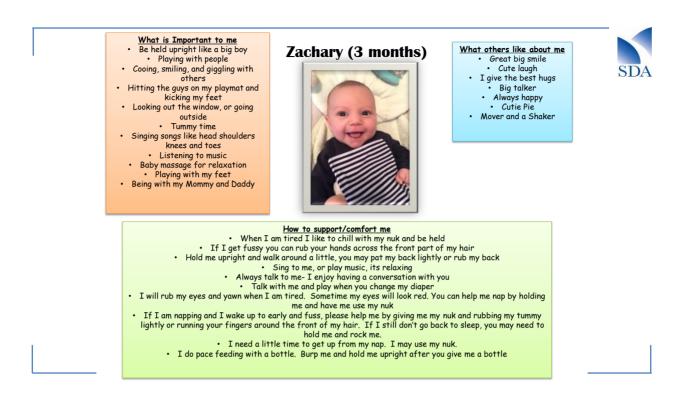


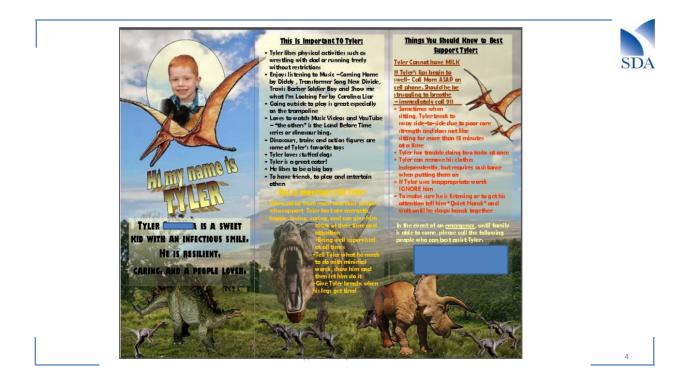


What have we learned?

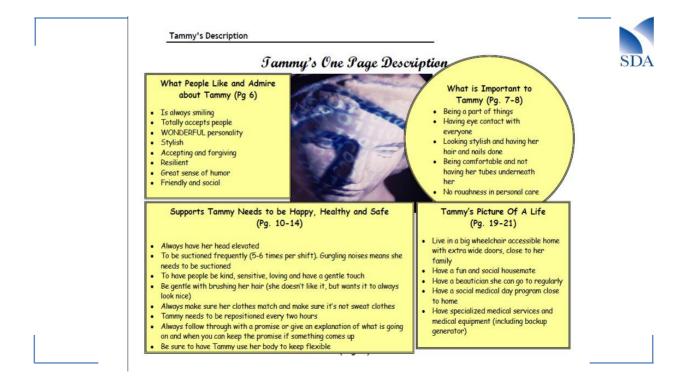
We need skills and tools that work for everyone and a common lanuage

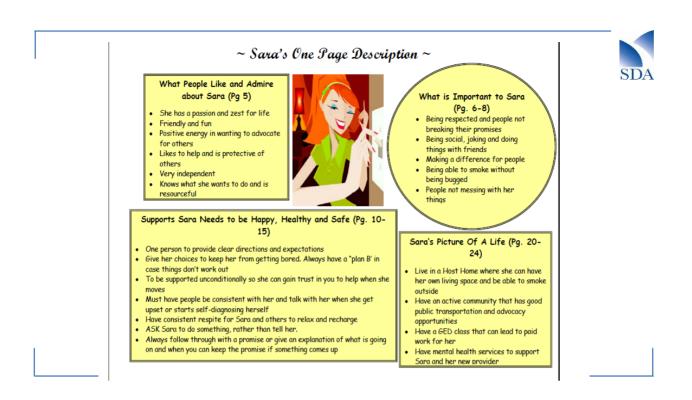
© Support Development Associates

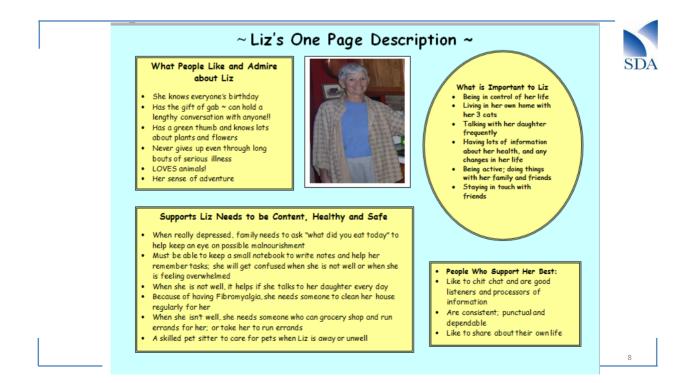








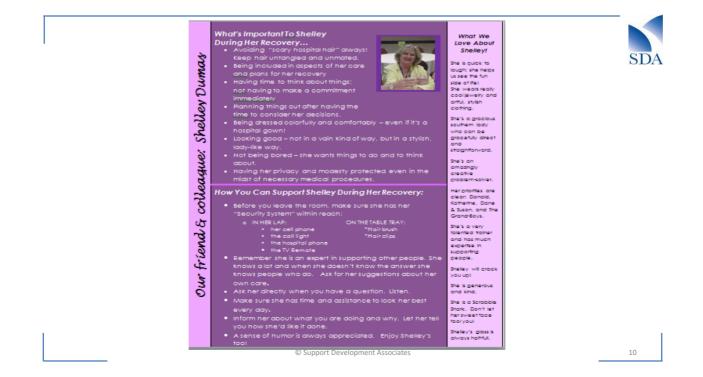


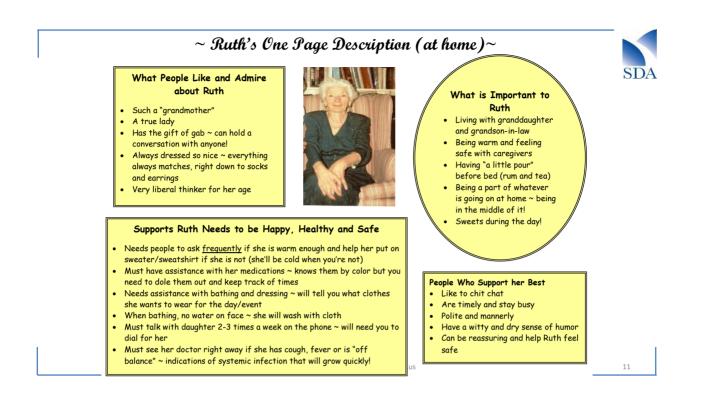


SDA

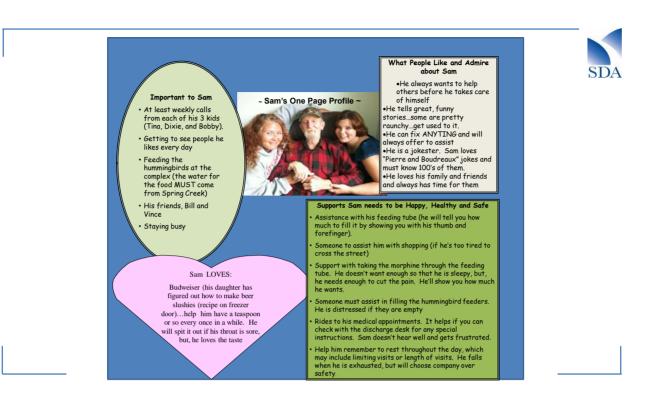
		done to address L ourishment	.iz's
What have we Tried	What have we learned	What are we Pleased about	What are we concerned about
 Healthy frozen meals Daughter cooking a week's worth of food for her High protein shakes 2x a day 	 She doesn't like processed food Will almost always eat daughter's home cooked food Protein shakes work really well If she is having a really bad day, might only drink one shake at best 	 She is steadily gaining weight Found at least two options that work for her She is committed to eating when she can 	 Stress on daughter to cook and drive 5 hours round trip every weekend Only eating once a day Will lose appetite again if depression comes back

+1: Keep doing protein shakes; find someone local to cook occasionally; keep asking "what did you eat today, not just "did you eat today?"





 A Relative Constraint of the second second	SDA
 Supports Nell needs to be Happy, Healthy and Safe Assistance with filling her medicine keeper (day minder)she has difficulty with the lids because she has severe arthritis Someone to assist her with weekly shopping (because of her arthritis she needs someone to go alongbut she wants to go to the store, tool She can do small runs on her "rascal chair" Support in dressing (she does not want to wear adaptive clothing and cannot manage zips, snaps, or buttons). Do not recommend adaptive clothing. Someone must assist her in turning her plants \$ turn a month to make sure they get even light and don't grow crookedadditionally, she often has too much arthritis pain to water the plants and will instruct a helper in how to care for "the ladies" She must have assistance with bathing when her arthritis pain is severe, but, she does not need assistance every day. She will let us know when support is desired. She may need assistance with things related to crochet, but, on a good day her fingers are flying! Ask Nell often if she is in painshe sometimes lets the pain get overwhelming before she asks for medication (we think she has a high pain threshold as she does generally ask for anything she needs) Nell cannot lift her oxygen tank. She will tell you when she needs assistance. 	



Person Centered Planning results:

- 1. Sam Being listened To: Sam moved to his own apartment, without constant caregiver presence. Friends and family provide transportation and other assistance.
- 2. Less than 2 hours of support per day (with the exceptions of days when he has a chemo treatment and may need a friend or family member to sleep over)
- 3. Focus on his desires and what he is interested in doing (fishing, talking, telling jokes, feeding hummingbirds)



Sam rang the bell at the cancer center on the day of his last chemo treatment. He is joined here in front of the bell by two family members. Sam died peacefully at home later this day. Ginny (pictured in blue) was listening to him tell a story when he passed.



What other Board

member's like or admire

- His vision
- Being a beacon
- An original thinker
- Gives a clear messageHas a clear and
- Has a clear and unwavering purpose
- Explains complex things with an economy of language



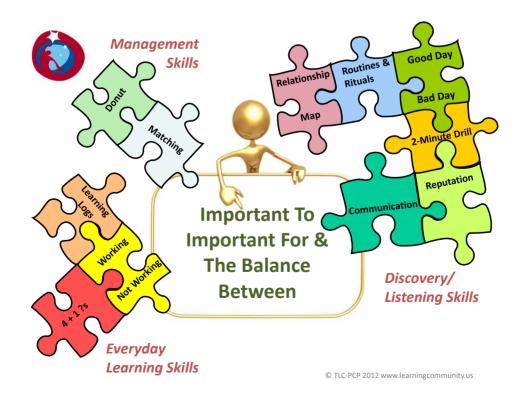
Michael as a TLC Board Chair

Best Support

- I am a good leader but not a good manager support my strengths
- There are always more things to do then there is time.
 - Action plans, with clarity about who does what by when, are needed
 - I appreciate being reminded about what is helpful and necessary.
 - Remember I am best at working on future concerns, but will help with what is needed now
- When you want feedback, ask
- I lose the balance between work and life, gentle reminders are helpful

Important to me

- Helping others to grow
- To be part of an organization that works on changing the system.
 Where -
 - We work in partnership
 - I am part of the problem solving and testing the solutions
 - We learn how to do quality at scale
 - We share the learning and help our efforts spread
- To focus on the future, to work on "what is next"
- That TLC-PCP grows and prospers, now and after I am no longer directly contributing -
 - The longevity and integrity of the work
 - Creation of a true learning community





Important TO

What is important to a person includes those things in life which help us to be <u>satisfied</u>, <u>content</u>, <u>comforted</u>, <u>fulfilled</u>, and <u>happy</u>. It includes:

- •People to be with /relationships
- •Things to do & places to go
- •Rituals or routines
- •Rhythm or pace of life
- •Status & control
- •Things to have

© TLC-PCP 2012 www.learningcommunity.us



Important TO

Workbook Pg. 14

- Includes what matters the most to the person – their own definition of quality of life.
- What is important to a person includes only what people "say":
 - with their words
 - with their behavior

When words and behavior are in conflict, pay attention to the behavior and ask "why?"



Important FOR

- Issues of health:
 - -Prevention of illness
 - -Treatment of illness / medical conditions
 - -Promotion of wellness (e.g.: diet, exercise)
- Issues of safety:
 - -Environment
 - -Well being ---- physical and emotional
 - -Free from Fear
- What others see as necessary to help the person:
 - —Be valued
 - -Be a contributing member of their community

© TLC-PCP 2012 www.learningcommunity.us



Important To and For are Connected

Workbook Pg. 15

Workbook Pg. 14

- 'Important to' and 'important for' influence each other
- No one does anything that is 'important for' them (willingly) unless a piece of it is 'important to' them

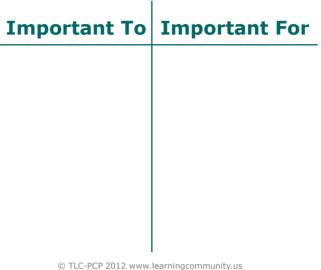
Balance is dynamic (changing) and always involves tradeoffs:

- Among the things that are 'important to';
- Between important 'to' and 'for'



Workbook Pg. 9 Sorting Important to from Important for

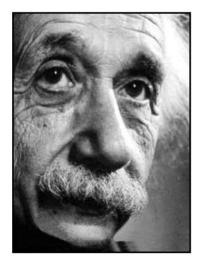
(and finding a better balance between them)







Ask Yourself "What do we know?" Before asking "What do we do?"



If I had an hour to save the world, I'd spend 55 minutes defining the problem.

~ Albert Einstein





Nora's story

TLC-PCP 2012 www.learningcommunity.us

Nora's Answer Slide

What is important to Nora?	What is important for Nora?
To be called Mrs. G until she gives you permission to call her Nora To visit with her family Spend time with babies and children Be dressed very nice ~ including make up and her "corset-like" undergarment To not be rushed ~ and to be early if possible for important events To wash with a cloth, no bath or shower	Having assistance with bathing and dressing Dignified and discreet assistance after using the bathroom Reminders to eat and drink so she doesn't get dehydrated; assistance with cutting food Assistance with her medications

What else do you need to learn/know?

• What does Nora consider to be an important event?

 $\cdot \mathsf{How}$ best to assist her when she needs help after using the bathroom...what works for her?

 $\cdot \text{How}$ often does she need to visit with her family? How and where?

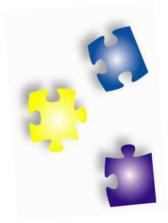
What is Important to me	
 To do what she wants to do when she wants to do it Time with her family – Hanging out with Anne and Sarah, seeing her great grandchildren Eating out and shopping with Bev and Carla Daily phone calls from Jeff, visits from Jeff 	What others like about • Funny • Fiercely independent • Loving • Her sweetness
Being a "lady" Looking good – hair done, nice outfit Being addressed as Mrs. G until she	How to support Nora
gives permission to call her Nora Not getting help she feels she doesn't need or doesn't want Dressing, undressing Using the bathroom Bathing Hates tub or shower baths – always "washes around" Having people to chat with Going shopping Having everything in its place Only being in tidy, clean environments Picking up (or trying to pick up) any specks of dirt or lint Feeling useful, a part of things Having a "job" to do when dinner is being set up and helping to clean up after Going out for a walk and to sit on sunny, nice days Going for a ride most any day when feeling well	 If you are new, remember to call her Mrs. G until she tells you to cal Nora. Always ask if you can help her with something even if you know that needs help If you are helping Nora do something where she doesn't want the h she will tell you to go away. Stop, back off for a minute then gently help again – while you tell her you are just there to help When she won't get up, won't get dressed, hits out, seems unusual disoriented, etc. she may have a urinary track infection and/or be dehydrated – Let Beverly or Carla know Give her sometime to getup, drink, etc. but keep encouraging to be up and especially to drink When she feels bad she is less steady – she wants less help needs more – so you need to make sure she gets the help wha apologizing for having to be there when she doesn't want you be For things Nora wants to do – help her get ready early (that is a life pattern) but not too early. She gets confused about time and will wa get ready hours (or even a day) in advance.

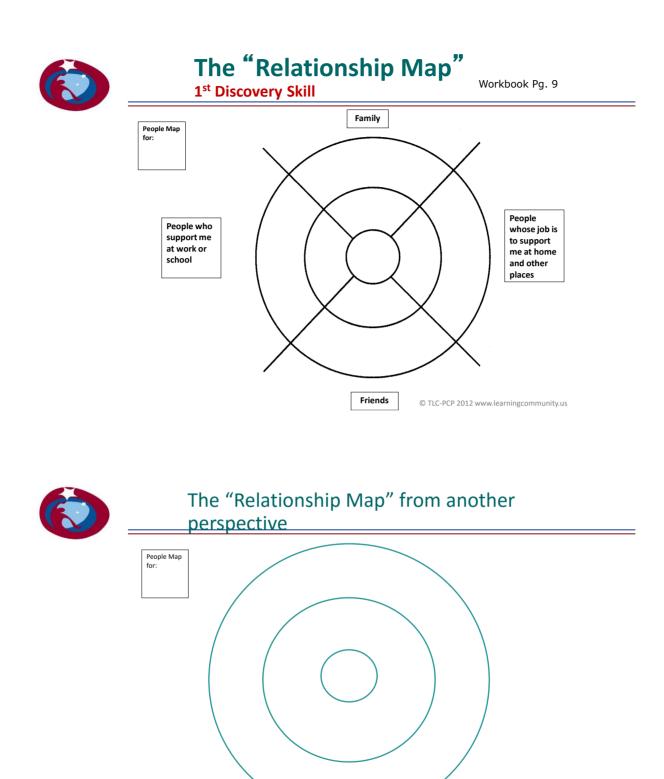


Discovery/Listening Skills

6 methods for collecting information

Relationship Map
 Rituals and Routines
 Good Day/Bad Day
 Two Minute Drill
 Communication Chart
 Reputations





Support Development Associates with The Learning Commuity for Person Centered Practices 2015



Rituals and Routines

Workbook Pg. 9

Rituals guide us through our days and bring consistency, comfort and control

- Morning
- Bedtime
- Mealtimes
- Transition
- Birthday
- Not Feeling Well

- Cultural/Holiday
- Spiritual
- Vacation
- Comfort
- Celebration
- Grief/Loss





Michael's Just Got Home Morning Ritual

Around 6 AM – wake up without alarm (regardless of when I got home). Say good morning to my wife, Andy. Put on outside clothes and take the 4 dogs out (Miss Pea, Arbus, Tank & T-Rex). Make sure nothing is amiss in the yard. Get Washington Post and retrieve barking dog. Convince the dogs to come inside.
6:15 Finish making the French press coffee that my wife started. Give the dogs their pills (in cheese). Sit down and catch up. (My wife shares what happened while I was on the road.) While talking, have a cup of strong, black coffee, an orange, and a homemade biscotti. Read the Washington Post while watching the morning news (NBC affiliate). Get a 2nd cup of coffee

6:45 Get the diet and regular dog food into the proper bowls. Feed the dogs and supervise so that the 2 fast eaters don't eat the slow eaters' food. Start drinking the 2nd cup of coffee, stretch. Let the 2 to 3 dogs who want to go out, out. Dog wrangling to get the reluctant dogs in.

6:55 check email, respond to the short and the critical. Flag the ones I need to respond to that day.

Between 7:15 and 7:30 (Depending on email) Get on the exercise bike and read the NY Times. Share relevant articles with SDA associates. Ride 5 or 10 indoor miles (depending on how much time I have)

7:45 Weigh myself (blame any weight gain on air travel), shower, floss with glide dental floss, brush teeth with cold water, and decide if I need to shave. If yes to shave, use body shop shaving cream. Dress for whatever the day will bring **8:05** Kiss my wife good bye as she goes off to work. Make another cup of coffee. Go to the desk in my home office. "Start" the work day.

TLC-PCP 2012 www.learningcommunity.us



'S MORNING RITUAL

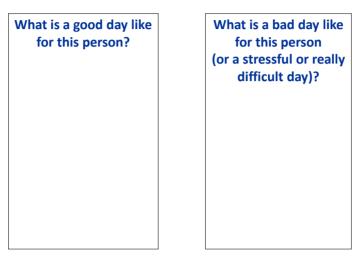






Good Day/Bad Day

Workbook Pg. 9

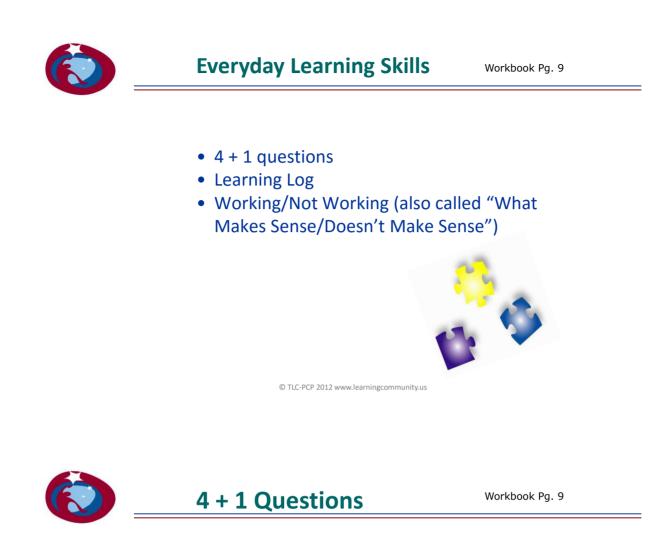


© TLC-PCP 2012 www.learningcommunity.us



A Communication Chart

What is happening	does	We think it means	And we should



- Using the "4 questions" to focus on learning and acting on that learning
 - What have we tried?
 - What have we learned?
 - What are we pleased about?
 - What are we concerned about?
- And then the "+1" question -
 - What should we try/do based on what we have learned?



	•	
Learn	ing	ΙΟσ
LCUIII		LUS

Workbook Pg. 9

Using the learning log to replace typical progress notes

Date	What did the person do? (What, where, when, how long, etc.)	Who was there? (Names of staff, friends, others, etc.)	What did you learn about what worked well? What did the person like about the activity? What needs to stay the same?	What did you learn about what didn't work well? What did the person not like about the activity? What needs to be different?

© TLC-PCP 2012 www.learningcommunity.us

	What works/	What doesn't work/
The Journie Comunity	Makes sense	Workbook Pg. 9 Doesn't make sense
Person's perspective		
Parent's perspective		
Staff's perspective		





Juan's story



Juan - Answer Slide



What is important to Juan?	What is important for Juan?
 Staying in his house His family Living according to his values Not having daughter control what he does Not having a woman assist with bathing Spending time with his friends doing what retired men do (talking, playing dominos, gambling, drinking) Having food that is spiced to his taste Getting support "his way" 	 Having his blood sugar and blood pressure under control Reducing salt intake and following a "diabetic diet" Taking meds as prescribed Staying clean enough to avoid infections Staying in his house Maintaining relationships Being connected with his culture

What else do you need to learn/know?

Could someone else assist with bathing? How can we help Juan take his medications as prescribed? How do we help Juan see that if he is to stay in his house and be with his friends he needs to be reasonably healthy?

The Jaureig Connection	What works/makes sense	What doesn't work/make sense	
J u n' S	Visiting and gambling with friends Eating chips, drinking alcohol Taking care of himself, on his own Spicing up his food the way he likes it Chatting with Josephina about Columbia	Having Josephina help him with bathing or other personal tasks Following a diet low in salt and spice Waiting for Josephina to arrive in the morning before he bathes, eats and takes his meds	
M a r y' s	Having an aide to assist her father with daily tasks including meal preparation and medications Communicating with the physician w/out her father being present Paying for the services Juan needs	Dad being in poor health: not following his recommended diet Not being able to spend more time with her father Being made to feel guilty by the doctor	
J o e s e p h in a' s	Treating Juan with respect as one does one's "elders" Respecting Juan's wishes about his schedule Discussing her tasks with Juan but not necessarily having "proof" they have been done	Getting in trouble for respecting Juan's wishes Prying into Juan's morning activities to find out what he does before she arrives	

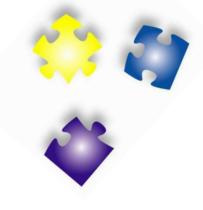
Juan - Answer Slide

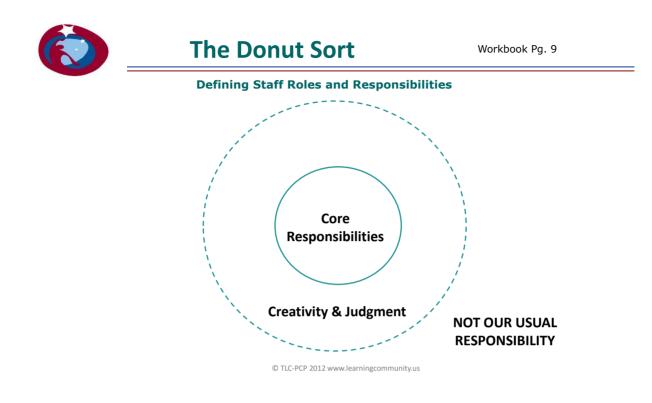


Management Skills

Workbook Pg. 9

- Donut Sort
- Matching







For each person – what are . . .

Supports Needed	Skills Required	PERSONALITY CHARACTERISTICS
		NICE TO HAVE (SHARED
		INTERESTS)
(
These two co	olumns are related.	<u>L</u>





Bob's Story



Bob – Answer Slide

What is important to Bob?	What is important for Bob?
To be one of the guys To keep his friends To be in charge of his own life To have a "typical" life To stay healthy	To stay healthy – Take his medications as prescribed Stay out of the hospital/not cycle To be connected to his community

What else do you need to learn/know

- How dangerous is it for him to go off medication and have a couple of beers?
- \cdot Would it be OK for him to drink 1 or 2 beers and be on his medication?
- \cdot Is there another medication where 1 or 2 beers would be OK?
- How well does he understand the risks that he is taking?
- Would he be willing to drink non-alcoholic beer?
- What role does his girlfriend play in this?





- Michael Smull
- michael@sdaus.com
- Go to
 - www.sdaus.com
 - www.learningcommunity.com

